PAGASA
The Weather and Climate Authority

OVERVIEW

Weak El Niño condition which started since the last quarter of 2018 had persisted in the central and eastern equatorial Pacific (CEEP). The warmer than average sea surface temperatures (SSTs) have slightly weakened in June, but still within El Niño threshold. It is expected that a transition from El Niño to ENSO-neutral condition will be likely in August or September, with ENSO-neutral favored to continue through the last quarter of 2019.

July to September 2019 Outlook

WEATHER SYSTEMS THAT AFFECTED THE COUNTRY

LOW PRESSURE AREA (LPA)

Areas of lowest pressure characterized by cloudiness and rainshowers; areas where a tropical cyclone can form



INTERTROPICAL CONVERGENCE ZONE (ITCZ)

Series of low pressure areas brought about by converging northeast (NE) and southeast (SE) winds that cause thunderstorms and rainshowers



Issued: 15 July 2019

An extension of a high pressure area characterized by very light wind and clear skies

SW

SOUTHWEST MONSOON (HABAGAT)



Warm moist winds from the southwest causing rains over the western portion of the country from May to September



'Bagyo'; may refer to a tropical depression, tropical storm, severe tropical storm, typhoon, or super typhoon.

RAINFALL CONDITION



from the

normal

+20% or -20%

NEAR Normal



ABOVE NORMAL

120% greater than the normal

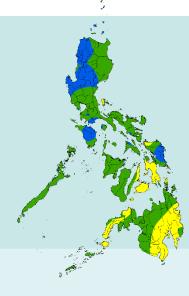
Most parts of Luzon and Visayas, Northern and western part of Mindanao



BELOW Normal

20%-60% reduction from the normal

Bohol, Siquijor, Leyte and Southern Leyte, Zamboanga peninsula



TEMPERATURE



Generally, surface air temperatures are likely to be near to above average in most parts of the country

Issued: 15 July 2019

October to December 2019 Outlook

EXPECTED WEATHER SYSTEMS

L

LOW PRESSURE AREA (LPA)

Areas of lowest pressure characterized by cloudiness and rainshowers; areas where a tropical cyclone can form



EASTERLIES

Warm winds blowing from the east that may bring cloudiness over the eastern part of the country



An extension of a high pressure area characterized by very light wind and clear skies

NE NORTHEAST MONSOON (AMIHAN)



Cold winds from the northeast that bring rains over the eastern side of the country.



▼ TAIL-END OF A COLD FRONT

Extended zone of converging winds from east to northeast that often brings thunderstorms and rainshowers



INTERTROPICAL CONVERGENCE ZONE (ITCZ)

Series of low pressure areas brought about by converging northeast (NE) and southeast (SE) winds that cause thunderstorms and rainshowers



3 to 5 TROPICAL CYCLONES

Bagyo'; may refer to a tropical depression, tropical storm, severe tropical storm, typhoon, or super typhoon.

RAINFALL CONDITION



NEAR Normal

+20% or -20% from the normal

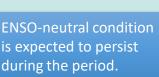
Bulacan, Aurora, Metro Manila, Region 4-A and 4b most parts of Bicol Region, Western Visayas and Cebu

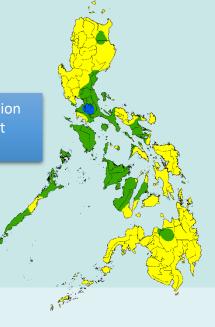


BELOW Normal

20%-60% reduction from the normal

Most parts of Luzon, some areas in Visayas and most parts of Mindanao





TEMPERATURE



Surface air temperatures are predicted to be slightly warmer to warmer than average during the season