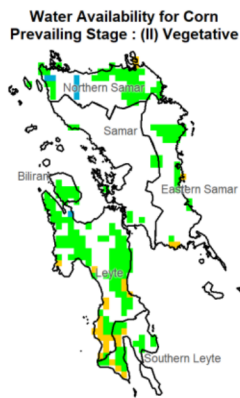
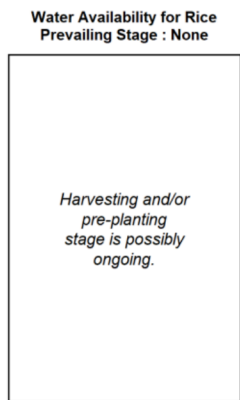


# Region VIII (Eastern Visayas)



## Provincial Values

	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice CS	Rice CCI (%)	Corn CS	Corn CCI (%)
Biliran	236.0	I	82.3	I	162.8
		II	74.4	II	106.9
		III	70.9	III	79.6
		IV	70.9	IV	105.4
Eastern Samar	151.9	I	46.2	I	107.3
		II	41.6	II	73.0
		III	39.5	III	54.7
		IV	39.5	IV	72.1
Leyte	143.4	I	48.1	I	110.6
		II	43.1	II	72.4
		III	40.9	III	53.7
		IV	40.9	IV	71.4
Northern Samar	243.3	I	88.3	I	173.1
		II	80.8	II	117.6
		III	77.4	III	90.5
		IV	77.4	IV	116.1
Samar	196.4	I	76.8	I	143.0
		II	69.7	II	97.3
		III	66.5	III	74.3
		IV	66.5	IV	96.0
Southern Leyte	116.9	I	29.6	I	79.6
		II	26.3	II	49.6
		III	24.8	III	35.5
		IV	24.8	IV	48.8

Crop Stage (CS) highlighted in **BLACK** is the dominant stage during the month of September

Rice CS: (I) Nursery (II) Vegetative (III) Reproductive (IV) Ripening

Corn CS: (I) Establishment (II) Vegetative (III) Reproductive (IV) Maturity

CCI Category: Inadequate Sufficient Excess

## Regional Summary

The corn crops in the prevailing vegetative stage have benefited from the sufficient moisture available during the month in most parts of the region. Except for the rice crops in Eastern Samar and both crops in Southern Leyte, existing crops in other provinces under different stages may have also benefited from the sufficient rainfall.

In the past 3 months, rainfall had been slightly higher in Leyte and Southern Leyte. Meanwhile, parts of Northern Samar have had slightly lower SPEI3, which, in the absence of irrigation, may have been detrimental to the crops in their growing stages.

Due to the influence of TS Ferdie, rainfall had been slightly high during the month, although this may not have been sufficient to damage the standing crops.

