



OVERVIEW

Sea surface temperatures (SSTs) continue to decrease, hence, La Nina is weakening across the tropical Pacific Ocean. Most of the climate models suggest that La Niña will persist until January-February-March (JFM) 2023 season and then a transition to ENSO-neutral conditions is likely afterward.

CLIMPS-09 Rev.0/06-01-22 Issued: 06 February 2023



La Niña increases the likelihood of having above normal rainfall conditions across most areas of the country. Adverse impacts such as flooding and landslides are still expected over vulnerable areas and sectors of the country.

Assessment in January 2023

WEATHER SYSTEMS THAT AFFECTED THE COUNTRY



NORTHEAST MONSOON (AMIHAN)

Cold and drier winds from the northeast bring rains over the eastern side of the country

LOW PRESSURE AREA (LPA)

Areas of lowest pressure characterized by cloudiness and rainshowers; areas where a tropical cyclone can form



INTERTROPICAL CONVERGENCE ZONE (ITCZ)

Series of low pressure areas brought about by converging northeast (NE) and southeast (SE) winds that cause thunderstorms and rainshowers

SHEAR LINE

Zone of converging winds associated with the extension of a frontal system that often brings thunderstorms and rainshowers



LOCALIZED THUNDERSTORM

Isolated heavy and dense dark clouds with one or more sudden electric discharges manifested by lightning and thunder often accompanied by showers of rain



0 TROPICAL CYCLONE

Tropical Storm (TS) Rosal with international name "PAKHAR" (Dec 10-12)

RAINFALL CONDITION



BELOW Normal

20%-60% reduction from the normal

Province of Batanes



NEAR Normal

+20% or -20% from the normal

Davao Region and Ilocos provinces



ABOVE NORMAL

120% greater than the normal

90% of the country



TEMPERATURE

Generally, near average to slightly warmer than average mean surface air temperatures were felt in most parts of the country except for Tayabas, Daet, Coron, Romblon, Masbate, Guiuan, Surigao, Cotabato, and General Santos City where slightly cooler than average temperatures were observed.

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Mountainous Luzon

12.2°C - 25.2°C

Metro Manila 20.7°C – 33.0°C Mountainous Mindanao 18.0°C – 32.5°C

Lowlands Luzon 13.0°C – 34.9°C

Visayas 21.2°C – 33.2°C Lowlands Mindanao 21.0°C – 35.3°C





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Outlook in February 2023

EXPECTED WEATHER SYSTEMS



NORTHEAST MONSOON (AMIHAN)

Cold and drier winds from the northeast bring rains over the eastern side of the country



LOW PRESSURE AREA (LPA)

Areas of lowest pressure characterized by cloudiness and rainshowers; areas where a tropical cyclone can form



EASTERLIES

Warm winds blowing from the east that may bring cloudiness over the eastern part of the country



LOCALIZED THUNDERSTORM

Isolated heavy and dense dark clouds with one or more sudden electric discharges manifested by lightning and thunder often accompanied by showers of rain.



INTERTROPICAL CONVERGENCE ZONE (ITCZ)

Series of low pressure areas brought about by converging northeast (NE) and southeast (SE) winds that cause thunderstorms and rainshowers



SHEAR LINE

Zone of converging winds associated with the extension of a frontal system that often brings thunderstorms and rainshowers



0 or 1 TROPICAL CYCLONES

"Bagyo"; may refer to tropical depression, tropical storm, severe tropical storm, typhoon, or super tvphoon.

RAINFALL CONDITION



normal

NORMAL

ABOVE NORMAL

120% greater than the normal

Most areas of the country



normal

NORMAL



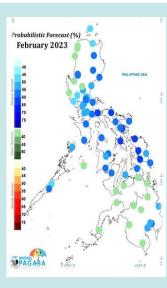
high probability



20%-60% reduction from the normal

some provinces over the western sections of northern and central Luzon





TEMPERATURE

Near to slightly cooler than average mean surface air temperatures are forecasted in most parts of the country, except for some areas that may experience slightly warmer than average temperatures.

Mountainous Luzon 9.1°C to 28.1°C

Lowlands Luzon 12.1°C to 36.3°C Metro Manila 18.2°C to 37.1°C

Visayas 18.8°C to 35.8°C Mountainous Mindanao 12.6°C to 33.8°C

Lowlands Mindanao 18.2°C to 37.1°C